

ICA Diploma in Anti Money Laundering



Syllabus

Module 1

- Unit 1: Money Laundering and Countering the Financing of Terrorism (CFT) Definition and Nature
 - The nature of money laundering and terrorism financing
 - · How is money laundered?
 - Limitations of the three-stage interpretation of money laundering
- 2 Unit 2 The International Context
- Why knowledge of international initiatives and developments is important
- Financial Action Task Force (FATF)
- The European Commission and Council
- International Monetary Fund (IMF)
- United Nations
- The Basel Committee on Banking Supervision
- The Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD)

- The Egmont Group of Financial Intelligence Units a semi-governmental organisation
- Non-governmental organisations (NGOs)
- The interface between money laundering and corruption
- Unit 3 The International Anti Money Laundering (AML) and Countering the Financing of Terrorism (CFT) Framework
- Development of domestic anti money laundering and counter financing of terrorism (AML/CFT) models
- The UK's AML/CFT legislation and strategy
- The UK framework: primary legislation
- The UK framework: secondary legislation and regulation
- The Jersey strategy on money laundering and terrorism financing
- The Guernsey strategy on money laundering and terrorism financing
- · Alternative national AML/CFT models



Unit 4 - Laundering the Proceeds of Tax Evasion

- · The nature of tax evasion
- Taxes payable and conflict of laws rules that determine where taxes are paid
- New disclosure requirements designed to identify tax evaders
- Criminal liability for laundering the proceeds of tax evasion



Unit 5 - Terrorist Financing and Proliferation Financing

- · The international strategy on terrorism financing
- The USA Patriot Act and US extraterritoriality
- The EU strategy on terrorism financing
- The UK's counter financing of terrorism strategy
- Characteristics and sources of terrorist financing
- Moving terrorist funds
- The financing of weapons proliferation



Unit 6 - Complying with Sanctions Regimes and Freezing Requirements

- What are sanctions?
- Why are sanctions relevant to the financial sector?
- · Global sanctions framework
- European Union (EU) sanctions regime
- · The UK financial sanctions regime
- US financial sanctions regime
- Complying with financial sanctions regimes
- Designing a compliance framework
- · Sanctions lists and screening
- · Quality assurance and testing
- · Internal communications and training
- Sanctions Guidance

Module 2



Unit 7: Concepts of Risk Management

- · Key concepts of risk management
- The identification of money laundering and terrorist financing risks
- Countering the risk of terrorist financing
- Identifying and assessing risk
- The creation of a control library
- Measuring the effectiveness of controls
- · Additional review activities
- · Outcomes of the risk assessment

8

Unit 8: Implementing an AML/CFT Risk-Based Approach for a Financial Services Business

- The international standards and requirements
- Determining a risk-based strategy and approach
- Applying the risk-based strategy and approach
- The benefits of a risk-based approach
- Designing an AML and CFT strategy
- Identifying and managing specific money laundering risks
- Understanding the interrelated business risks
- Continuous review of the risk-based approach to AML/CFT



Unit 9: The AML/CFT Governance Framework

- Managing AML/CFT compliance risks
- Defining roles and responsibilities
- The money laundering reporting officer (MLRO)



Unit 10: Management Issues for an AML/CFT Policy

- Formulating a risk-based strategy and policy
- The need for a group-wide programme
- The content of a policy
- Defining and determining the risk-based approach for CDD policies
- Senior management commitment to the policy
- Implementing and communicating internal AML/ CFT compliance arrangements



Unit 11: Culture and Training

- Introduction
- Creating an effective AML/CFT compliance culture
- Common cultural barriers
- Staff awareness and training
- · Competency testing

Module 3



Unit 12 - Vulnerabilities of Products and Services

- Introduction
- Retail banking services
- Lending and credit facilities
- Cyber-laundering, electronic payment systems and emerging technologies
- International trade and trade finance
- Wealth management
- Investment management services and securities
- Stockbroking, investment management and fund products
- Retail investment funds
- Life insurance and pensions
- General insurance
- Money services businesses (MSBs)
- Non-financial professionals (lawyers and accountants)
- Trusts and corporate services providers



Unit 13 - Customer Due Diligence (CDD)

- What is CDD?
- Taking a risk-based approach to CDD
- The value of CDD information
- Transparency and beneficial ownership requirements
- The requirement for enhanced due diligence in high-risk situations
- Managing high-risk situations: politically exposed persons (PEPs)
- Managing high-risk situations: Correspondent banking
- Simplified due diligence (SDD) in lower-risk situations
- Assessing money laundering risk in all other circumstances